

DO NOW

What are the roots?

Solutions

How do you find them on a graph?

x -intercepts

Page 1

3 cases:

1. Real and unequal roots

↳ crosses the x -axis at two distinct points

2. Real and equal roots (double root)

↳ crosses the x -axis at exactly one point.

3. No real roots

↳ NO x -intercepts

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5. What is the largest root of: $x^2 + 6x - 7 = 0$

(DO NOT actually draw the graph.)

$$y = x^2 + 6x - 7$$

* Look at the table
 $y = 0 \rightarrow$ gives the roots

Roots: $x = 1$ and $x = -7$

$$\boxed{X=1}$$

6. How many x -intercepts does the graph of this function have?

$$y = -x^2 - x - 5$$

no real roots

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8.4 Solving Quadratic Equations From A Graph

Roots - are x -values that make $y = 0$

* x -intercepts

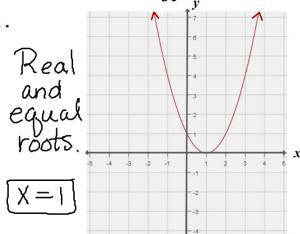
We can solve a quadratic equation by:

1. Rewriting the equation replacing O with y .
2. Graph the parabola.
3. I identify the x -intercepts.

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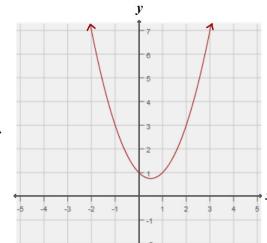
Examples: Tell what type of root(s) the graphed function has.
 Identify the roots.

1.



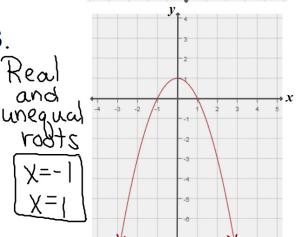
Real and equal roots.
 $\boxed{X=1}$

2.



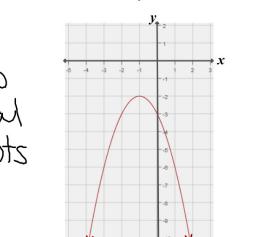
No real roots.

3.



Real and unequal roots.
 $\boxed{X=-1}$
 $\boxed{X=1}$

4.



No real roots

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Solve the quadratic equations by graphing. Identify the roots.
 Identify what type of roots the function has.

7. $0 = -x^2 - 4x - 4$

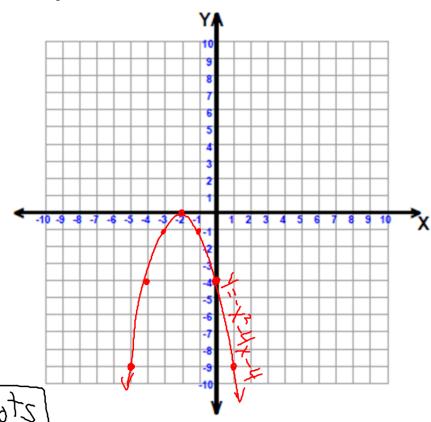
$$y = -x^2 - 4x - 4$$

| X | y |
|----|----|
| -5 | -9 |
| -4 | -4 |
| -3 | -1 |
| -2 | 0 |
| -1 | -1 |
| 0 | -4 |
| 1 | -9 |

$\boxed{\text{Root: } X = -2}$

real and equal roots

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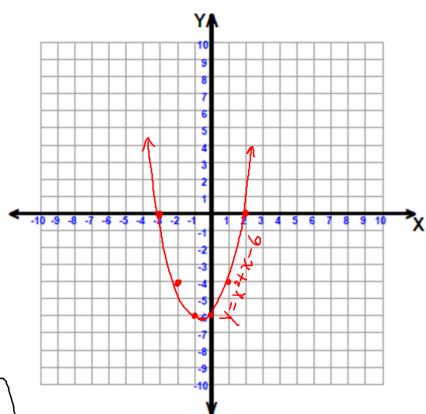
8. $0 = x^2 + x - 6$

$y = x^2 + x - 6$

| X | / | Y |
|------|-------|---|
| -3 | 0 | |
| -2 | -4 | |
| -1 | -6 | |
| -0.5 | -6.25 | |
| 0 | -6 | |
| 1 | -4 | |
| 2 | 0 | |

Roots: $x = -3$
 $x = 2$

Real and unequal roots



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HOMEWORK

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